4M (256K x 16) Static RAM

Features

- **Wide voltage range: 2.7V–3.6V**
- **Ultra-low active, standby power**
- **Easy memory expansion with $\overline{CE}$ and $\overline{OE}$ features**
- **TTL-compatible inputs and outputs**
- **Automatic power-down when deselected**
- **CMOS for optimum speed/power**
- **Package available in a standard 44-Pin TSOP Type II (forward pinout) package**

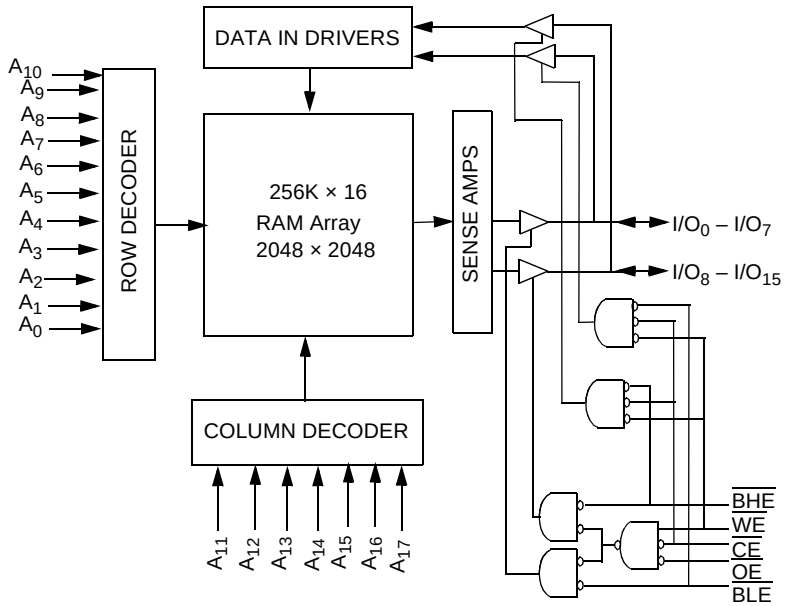
Functional Description[1]

The CY62146V is a high-performance CMOS static RAM organized as 256K words by 16 bits. These devices feature advanced circuit design to provide ultra-low active current. This is ideal for providing More Battery Life® (MoBL®) in portable applications such as cellular telephones. The device also has an automatic power-down feature that significantly reduces power consumption by 99% when addresses are not toggling. The device can also be put into standby mode when deselected ($\overline{CE}$ HIGH). The input/output pins (I/O_0 through I/O_{15}) are placed in a high-impedance state when: deselected ($\overline{CE}$ HIGH), outputs are disabled ($\overline{OE}$ HIGH), $\overline{BHE}$ and $\overline{BLE}$ are disabled ($\overline{BHE}$, $\overline{BLE}$ HIGH), or during a write operation ($\overline{CE}$ LOW, and $\overline{WE}$ LOW).

Writing to the device is accomplished by taking Chip Enable ($\overline{CE}$) and Write Enable ($\overline{WE}$) inputs LOW. If Byte Low Enable ($\overline{BLE}$) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O_0 through I/O_7), is written into the location specified on the address pins (A_0 through A_{16}). If Byte High Enable ($\overline{BHE}$) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O_8 through I/O_{15}) is written into the location specified on the address pins (A_0 through A_{17}).

Reading from the device is accomplished by taking Chip Enable ($\overline{CE}$) and Output Enable ($\overline{OE}$) LOW while forcing the Write Enable ($\overline{WE}$) HIGH. If Byte Low Enable ($\overline{BLE}$) is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by the address pins will appear on I/O_0 to I/O_7. If Byte High Enable ($\overline{BHE}$) is LOW, then data from memory will appear on I/O_8 to I/O_{15}. See the truth table at the back of this data sheet for a complete description of read and write modes.

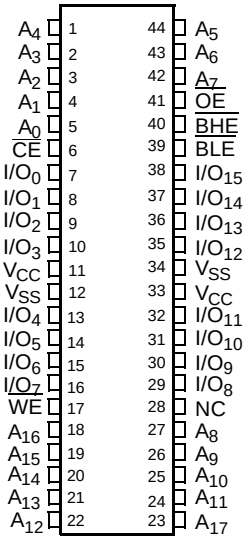
Logic Block Diagram



Note:
1. For best practice recommendations, please refer to the Cypress application note "System Design Guidelines" on http://www.cypress.com.

Pin Configurations

TSOP II (Forward)
Top View



Maximum Ratings

(Above which the useful life may be impaired. For user guidelines, not tested.)

Storage Temperature .....–65°C to +150°C

Ambient Temperature with Power Applied.....–55°C to +125°C

Supply Voltage to Ground Potential ..... –0.5V to +4.6V

DC Voltage Applied to Outputs in High-Z State[2] .....–0.5V to V_{CC} + 0.5V

DC Input Voltage[2].....–0.5V to VCC + 0.5V

Output Current into Outputs (LOW)..... 20 mA

Static Discharge Voltage..... >2001V (per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)

Latch-up Current..... >200 mA

Operating Range

Range	Ambient Temperature	V_{CC}
Industrial	–40°C to +85°C	2.7V to 3.6V

Product Portfolio

Product	V_{CC} Range (V)			Speed (ns)	Power Dissipation			
					Operating I_{CC}, (mA)		Standby I_{SB2}, (µA)	
	$V_{CC(min.)}$	$V_{CC(typ.)}$[3]	$V_{CC(max.)}$		Typ.[3]	Maximum	Typ.[3]	Maximum
CY62146VLL	2.7	3.0	3.6	70	7	15	2	20

Notes:
2. $V_{IL(min.)}$ = –2.0V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
3. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V_{CC} = $V_{CC(typ.)}$, T_A = 25°C.

Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions		CY62146V-70 Min.	CY62146V-70 Typ.[3]	CY62146V-70 Max.	Unit
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	I_{OH} = –1.0 mA	V_{CC} = 2.7V	2.4			V
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	I_{OL} = 2.1 mA	V_{CC} = 2.7V			0.4	V
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage		V_{CC} = 3.6V	2.2		V_{CC} + 0.5V	V
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage		V_{CC} = 2.7V	–0.5		0.8	V
I_{IX}	Input Load Current	GND ≤ V_I ≤ V_{CC}		–1	±1	+1	µA
I_{OZ}	Output Leakage Current	GND ≤ V_O ≤ V_{CC}, Output Disabled		–1	+1	+1	µA
I_{CC}	V_{CC} Operating Supply Current	I_{OUT} = 0 mA, f = f_{MAX} = $1/t_{RC}$, CMOS Levels	V_{CC} = 3.6V		7	15	mA
		I_{OUT} = 0 mA, f = 1 MHz, CMOS Levels			1	2	mA
I_{SB1}	Automatic CE Power-down Current—CMOS Inputs	$\overline{CE}$ ≥ V_{CC} – 0.3V, V_{IN} ≥ V_{CC} – 0.3V or V_{IN} ≤ 0.3V, f = f_{MAX}			2	20	µA
I_{SB2}	Automatic CE Power-down Current—CMOS Inputs	$\overline{CE}$ ≥ V_{CC} – 0.3V V_{IN} ≥ V_{CC} – 0.3V or V_{IN} ≤ 0.3V, f = 0	V_{CC} = 3.6V				

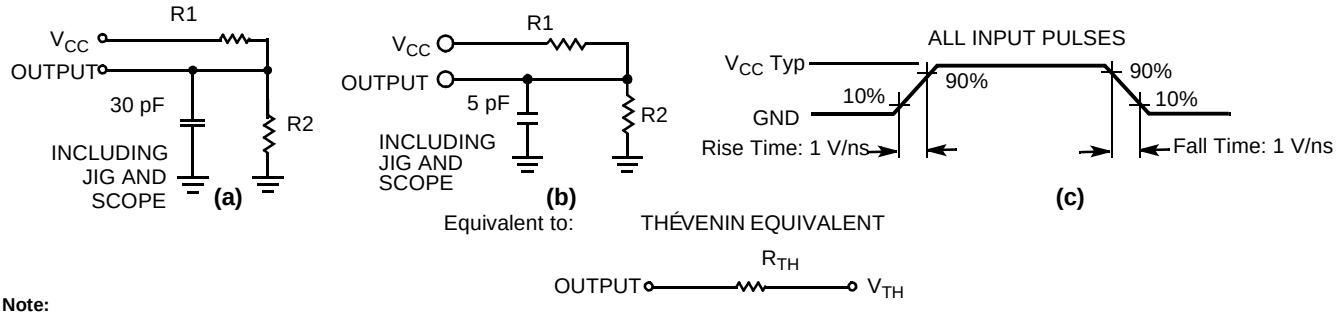
Capacitance[4]

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max.	Unit
C_{IN}	Input Capacitance	T_A = 25°C, f = 1 MHz, V_{CC} = $V_{CC(typ.)}$	6	pF
C_{OUT}	Output Capacitance		8	pF

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	BGA	TSOPII	Unit
Θ_{JA}	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient)[4]	Still Air, soldered on a 4.25 x 1.125 inch, 4-layer printed circuit board	55	60	°C/W
Θ_{JC}	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)[4]		16	22	°C/W

AC Test Loads and Waveforms



Note:

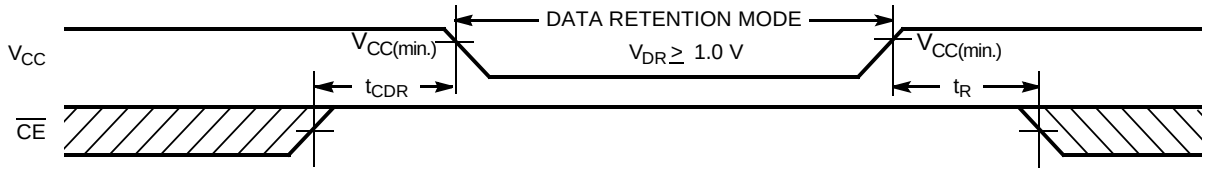
4. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

Parameter	3.0V	Unit
R1	1105	Ohms
R2	1550	Ohms
R_{TH}	645	Ohms
V_{TH}	1.75	V

Data Retention Characteristics (Over the Operating Range)

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min.	Typ.[3]	Max.	Unit
V_{DR}	V_{CC} for Data Retention)		1.0		3.6	V
I_{CCDR}	Data Retention Current	V_{CC}= 1.0V, $\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.3V$, $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.3V$ or $V_{IN} \leq 0.3V$; No input may exceed $V_{CC} + 0.3V$		1	10	µA
t_{CDR}[4]	Chip Deselect to Data Retention Time		0			ns
t_R[5]	Operation Recovery Time		70			ns

Data Retention Waveform



Switching Characteristics Over the Operating Range [6]

Parameter	Description	70 ns		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
Read Cycle				
t_{RC}	Read Cycle Time	70		ns
t_{AA}	Address to Data Valid		70	ns
t_{OHA}	Data Hold from Address Change	10		ns
t_{ACE}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to Data Valid		70	ns
t_{DOE}	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to Data Valid		25	ns
t_{LZOE}	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to Low-Z[7, 8]	5		ns
t_{HZOE}	$\overline{OE}$ HIGH to High-Z[8]		20	ns
t_{LZCE}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to Low-Z[7]	10		ns
t_{HZCE}	$\overline{CE}$ HIGH to High-Z[7, 8]		20	ns
t_{PU}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to Power-up	0		ns
t_{PD}	$\overline{CE}$ HIGH to Power-down		70	ns
t_{DBE}	$\overline{BHE}$ / $\overline{BLE}$ LOW to Data Valid		35	ns
t_{LZBE}	$\overline{BHE}$ / $\overline{BLE}$ LOW to Low-Z	5		ns
t_{HZBE}	$\overline{BHE}$ / $\overline{BLE}$ HIGH to High-Z		20	ns
Write Cycle[9, 10]				
t_{WC}	Write Cycle Time	70		ns

Notes:

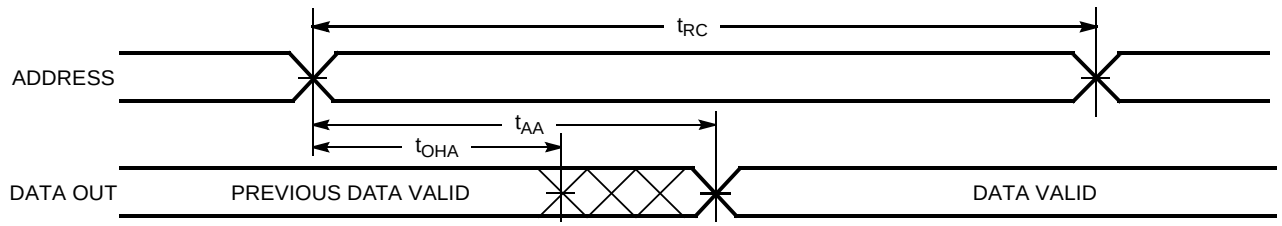
5. Full Device AC operation requires linear V_{CC} ramp from V_{DR} to $V_{CC(min.)} \geq 10$ µs or stable $V_{CC(min.)} \geq 10$ µs.
6. Test conditions assume signal transition time of 5 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5V, input pulse levels of 0 to $V_{CC(typ.)}$, and output loading of the specified I_{OL}/I_{OH} and 30 pF load capacitance.
7. At any given temperature and voltage condition, t_{HZCE} is less than t_{LZCE}, t_{HZOE} is less than t_{LZOE}, and t_{HZWE} is less than t_{LZWE} for any given device.
8. t_{HZOE}, t_{HZCE}, and t_{HZWE} are specified with C_L = 5 pF as in part (b) of AC Test Loads. Transition is measured ±500 mV from steady-state voltage.
9. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{CE}$ LOW and $\overline{WE}$ LOW. Both signals must be LOW to initiate a write and either signal can terminate a write by going HIGH. The data input set-up and hold timing should be referenced to the rising edge of the signal that terminates the write.
10. The minimum write cycle time for Write Cycle #3 ($\overline{WE}$ controlled, $\overline{OE}$ LOW) is the sum of t_{HZWE} and t_{SD}.

Switching Characteristics Over the Operating Range (continued)[6]

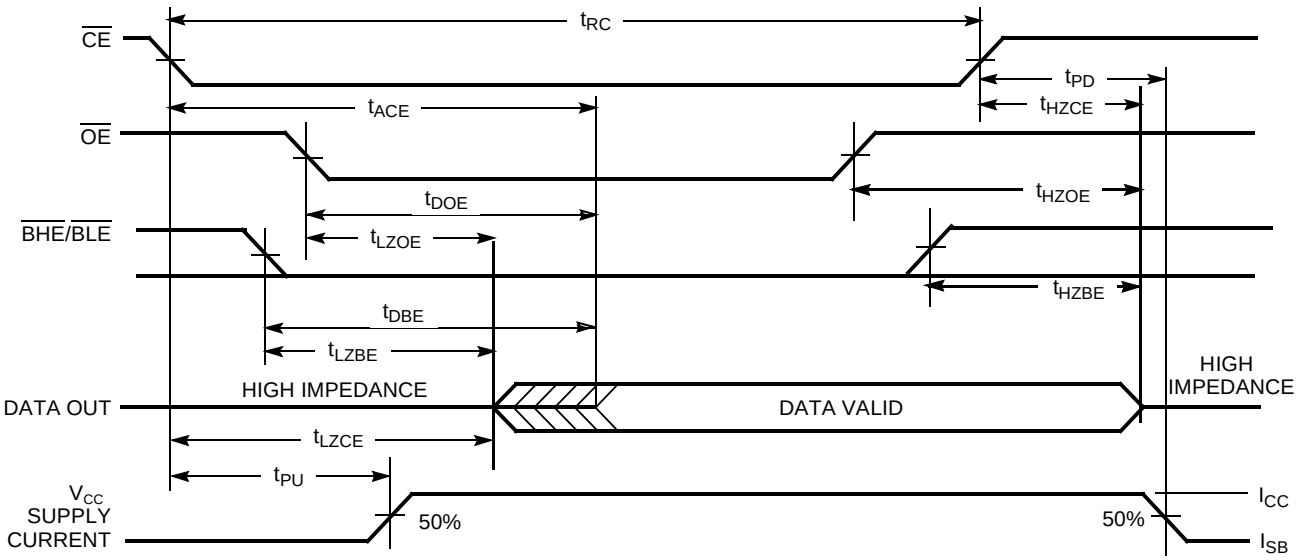
Parameter	Description	70 ns		Unit
		Min.	Max.	
t_{SCE}	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to Write End	60		ns
t_{AW}	Address Set-up to Write End	60		ns
t_{HA}	Address Hold from Write End	0		ns
t_{SA}	Address Set-up to Write Start	0		ns
t_{PWE}	$\overline{WE}$ Pulse Width	40		ns
t_{BW}	$\overline{BHE}$ / $\overline{BLE}$ Pulse Width	60		ns
t_{SD}	Data Set-up to Write End	30		ns
t_{HD}	Data Hold from Write End	0		ns
t_{HZWE}	$\overline{WE}$ LOW to High-Z[7, 8]		25	ns
t_{LZWE}	$\overline{WE}$ HIGH to Low-Z[7]	10		ns

Switching Waveforms

Read Cycle No. 1[11, 12]



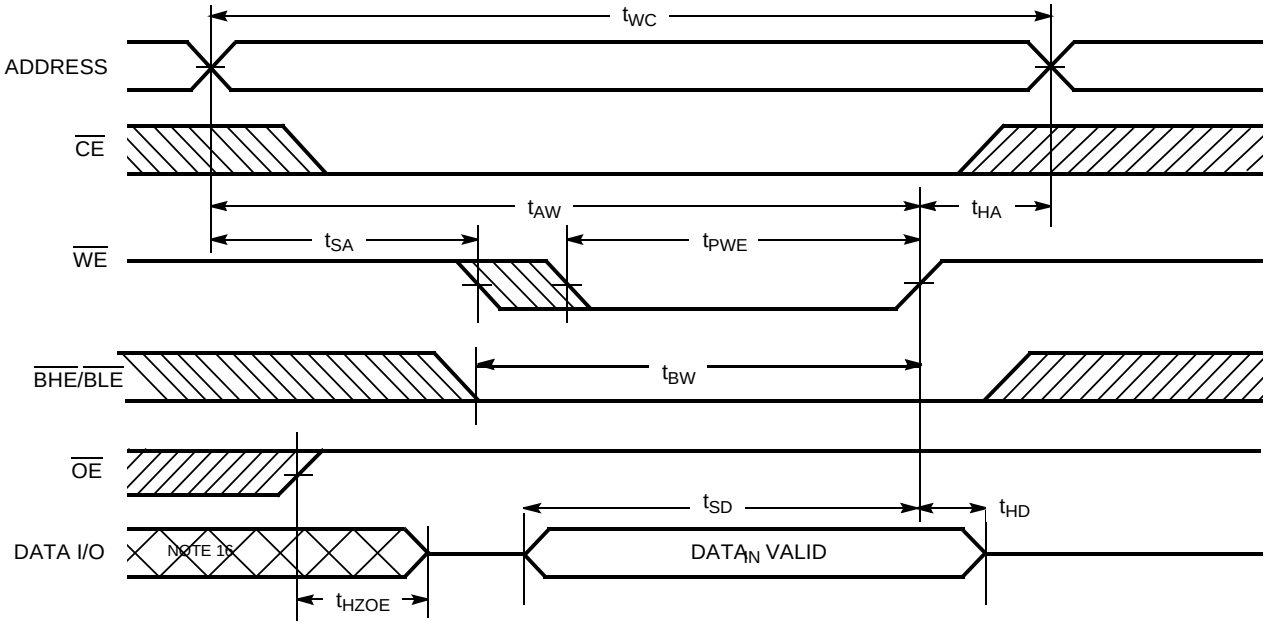
Read Cycle No. 2 [12, 13]



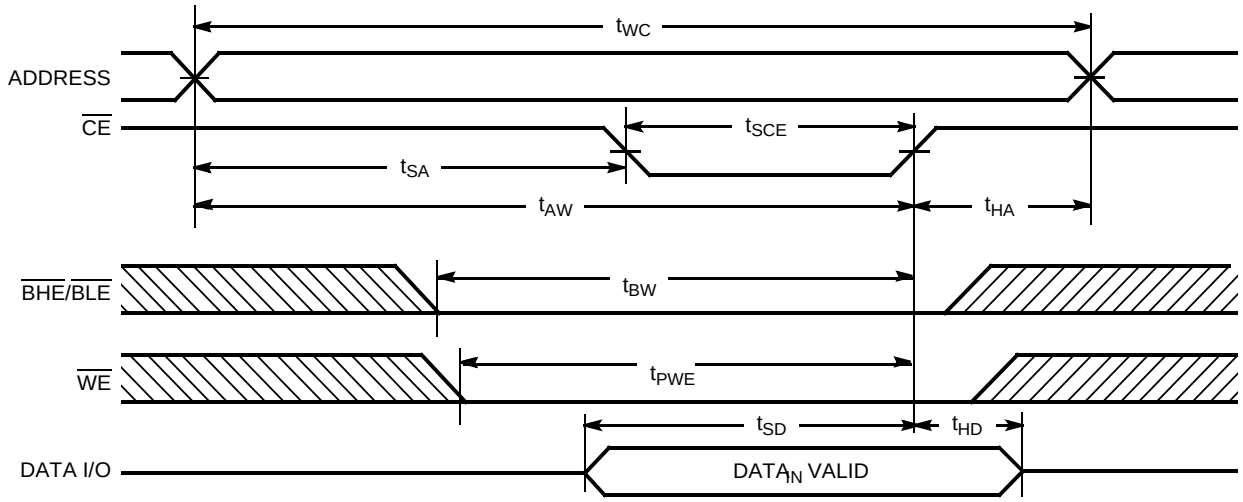
Notes:
11. Device is continuously selected. $\overline{OE}$, $\overline{CE}$ = V_{IL}.
12. $\overline{WE}$ is HIGH for read cycle.
13. Address valid prior to or coincident with $\overline{CE}$ transition LOW.

Switching Waveforms (continued)

Write Cycle No. 1 (WE Controlled) [9, 14, 15]



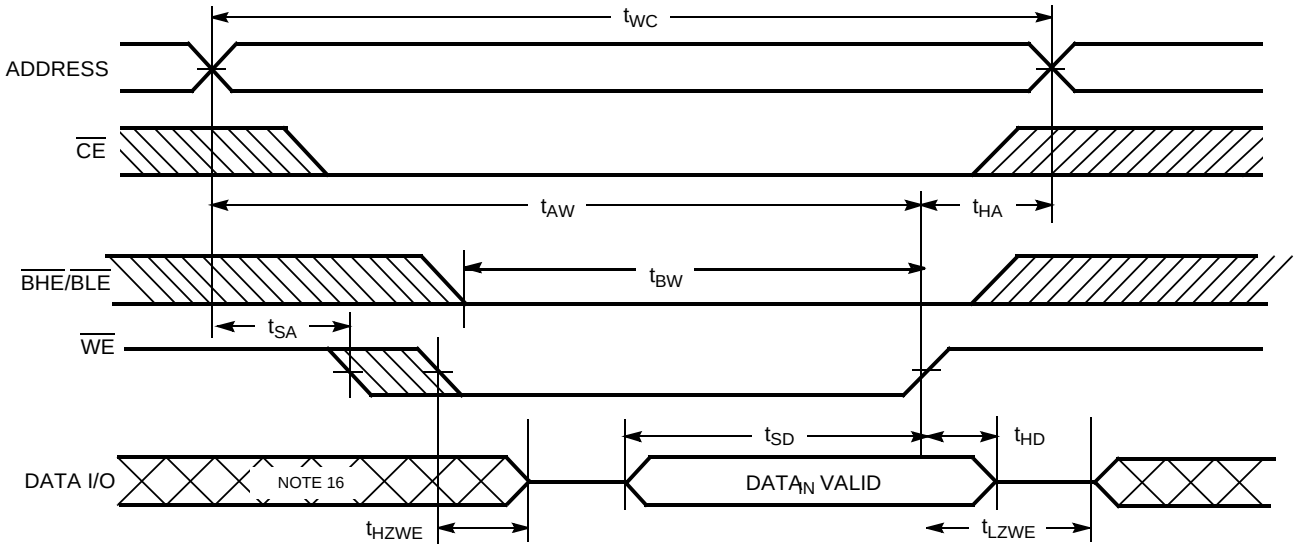
Write Cycle No. 2 (CE Controlled) [9, 14, 15]



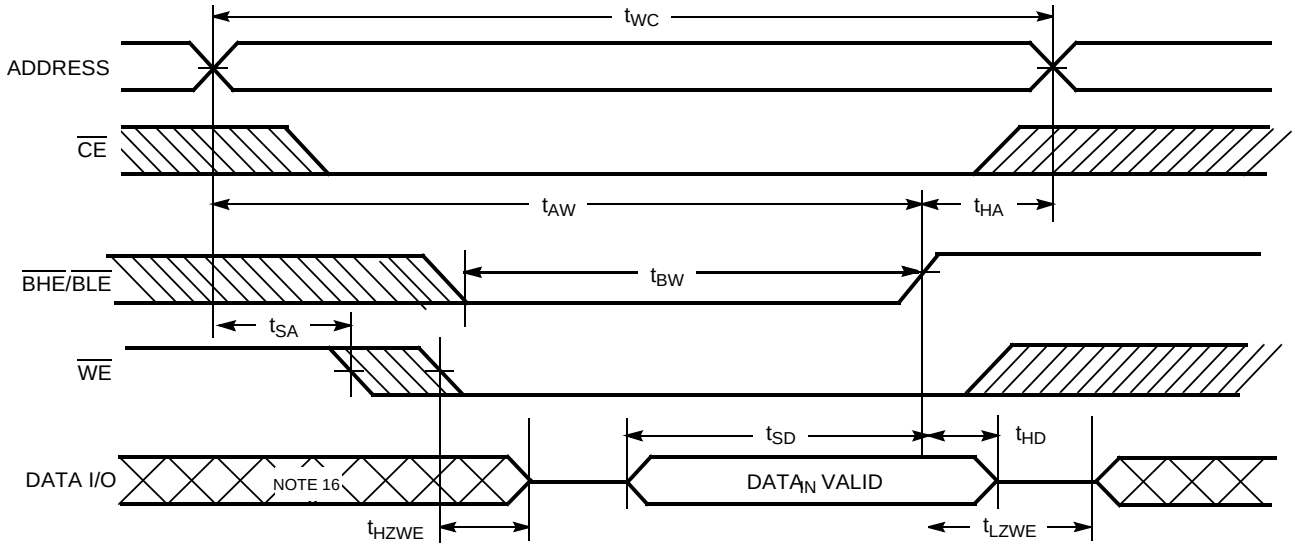
Notes:
14. Data I/O is high-impedance if $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$.
15. If $\overline{CE}$ goes HIGH simultaneously with $\overline{WE}$ HIGH, the output remains in a high-impedance state.
16. During this period, the I/Os are in output state and input signals should not be applied.

Switching Waveforms (continued)

Write Cycle No. 3 (WE Controlled, OE LOW)[10, 15]

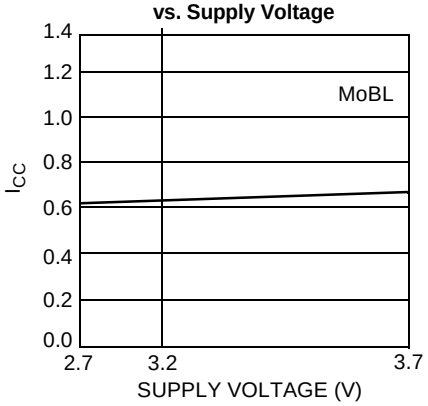


Write Cycle No. 4 (BHE/BLE Controlled, OE LOW)[16]

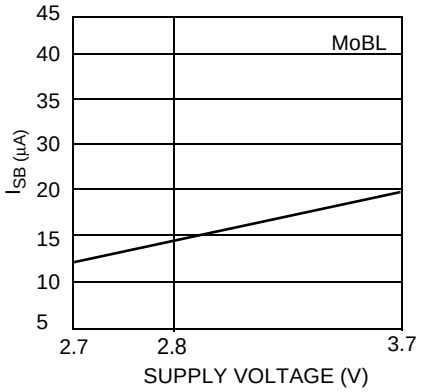


Typical DC and AC Characteristics

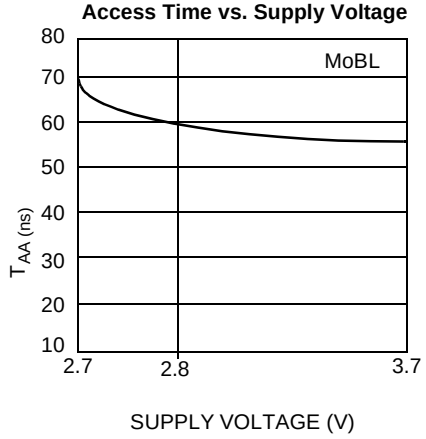
Normalized Operating Current vs. Supply Voltage



Standby Current vs. Supply Voltage



Access Time vs. Supply Voltage



Truth Table

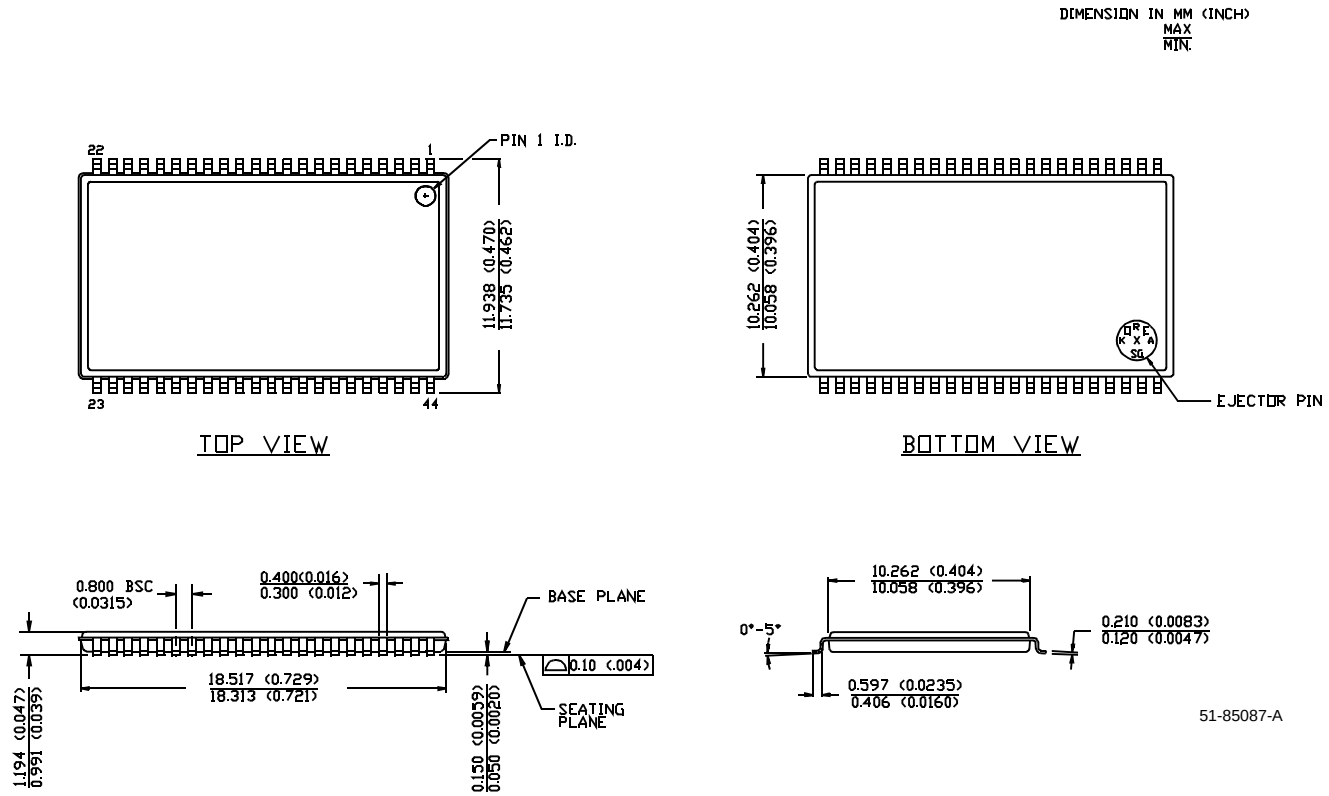
$\overline{CE}$	$\overline{WE}$	$\overline{OE}$	$\overline{BHE}$	$\overline{BLE}$	Inputs/Outputs	Mode	Power
H	X	X	X	X	High-Z	Deselect/Power-down	Standby (I_{SB})
L	H	L	L	L	Data Out (I/O_0–I/O_{15})	Read	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	L	H	L	Data Out (I/O_0–I/O_7); I/O_8–I/O_{15} in High-Z	Read	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	L	L	H	Data Out (I/O_8–I/O_{15}); I/O_0–I/O_7 in High-Z	Read	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	L	H	H	High-Z	Output Disabled	Active (I_{CC})
L	H	H	X	X	High-Z	Output Disabled	Active (I_{CC})
L	L	X	L	L	Data In (I/O_0–I/O_{15})	Write	Active (I_{CC})
L	L	X	H	L	Data In (I/O_0–I/O_7); I/O_8–I/O_{15} in High-Z	Write	Active (I_{CC})
L	L	X	L	H	Data In (I/O_8–I/O_{15}); I/O_0–I/O_7 in High-Z	Write	Active (I_{CC})
L	L	X	H	H	High-Z	Output Disabled	Active (I_{CC})

Ordering Information

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
70	CY62146VLL-70ZI	Z44	44-pin TSOP II	Industrial

Package Diagram

44-Pin TSOP II Z44



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Document Title: CY62146V MoBL® 4M (256K x 16) Static RAM Document Number: 38-05159				
REV.	**ECN NO.**	**Issue Date**	**Orig. of Change**	**Description of Change**
**	109963	10/02/01	SZV	Change from Spec number: 38-00647 to 38-05159
*A	116594	09/04/02	GBI	Added footnote 1. Deleted fBGA package; replacement fBGA package is available in CY62146CV30.